Pulse Crop Development and Research in Western Canada

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Slow Food Movement

SLOW EDUCATION MOVEMENT

Worked in family business at age 3 - 14 yrs

Primary and secondary education 11.5 yrs

Secondary education B,M,P (16 years)

Legumes = N + 3E

• **N**utritional importance

• **E**cological importance

• **E**nvironmental importance

• **E**conomic importance

Mammals (millions)

Animal	1974	2014	% increase
Asses	48	50	5
Buffaloes	131	219	67
Camels	17	28	63
Camelids	6	9	40
Cattle	1224	1600	31
Goats	458	1195	161
Sheep	1122	1412	26
Pigs	950	1467	54
Total Domesticated Animals	3956	5979	51
Humans	4013	7141	78

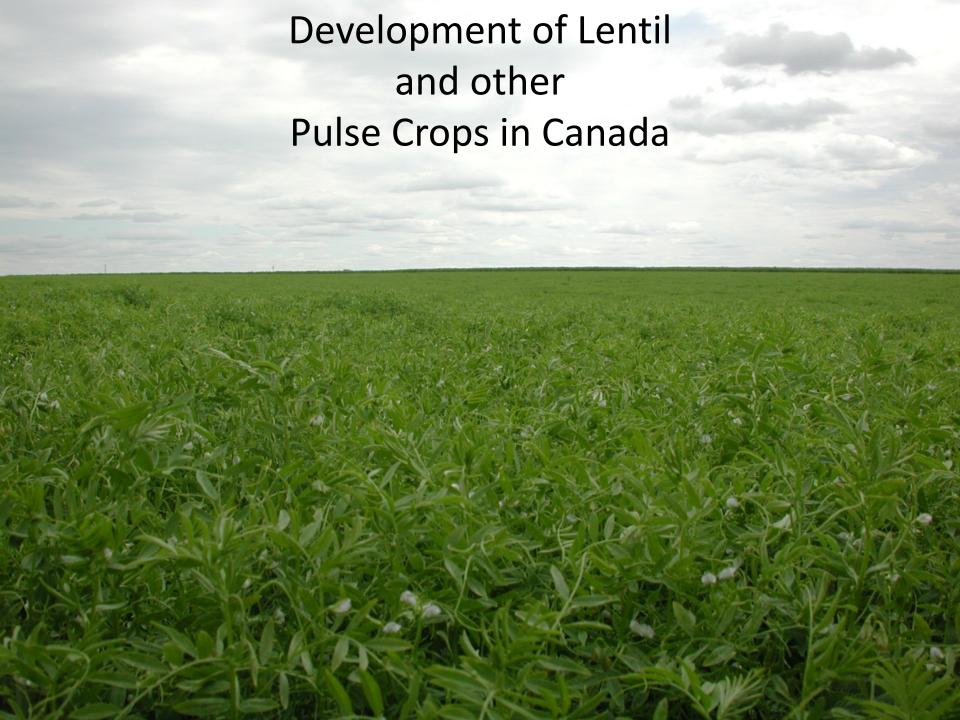
Source: FAOSTAT

	MMt of Annual Production			
Crop	1970-74	2010-14	% increase	
Barley	136	135	0	
Maize	303	931	208	
Palm oil	2	51	2105	
Potato	288	367	27	
Rice	322	727	126	
Sorghum	59	59	-1	
Soybean	50	271	445	
Sugar Cane	602	1825	203	
Tomato	40	127	220	
Wheat	346	691	100	
Total	2147	5184	141	

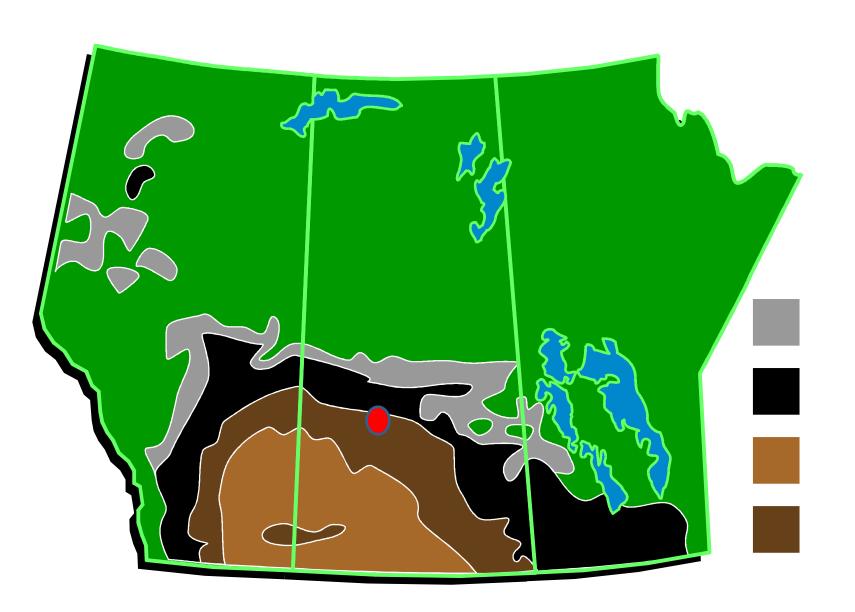
Mt of Annual Production								
Crop	2010-14	% growth 1974-2014	Main Food/ Diet Group					
Barley	135	0	Beer					
Maize	931	208	Carbs					
Palm oil	51	2105	Fat					
Potato	367	27	Chips					
Rice	727	126	Carbs					
Sorghum	59	-1	Carbs					
Soybean	271	445	Fat/Protein					
Sugar Cane	1825	203	Alcohol/Sugar					
Tomato	127	220	Ketchup					
Wheat	691	100	Carbs					
<mark>Total</mark>	5184	141						

Millions of Tonnes Annually

	1970-1974	2010-14	% growth	% protein
Common bean	12.7	23.9	89	23
Faba	4.4	4.3	-2	30
Chickpea	6.5	12.4	90	23
Cow Pea	1.2	6.7	444	23
Lentil	1.1	4.8	340	25
Pea	9.2	10.9	19	23
Pigeon Pea	2.0	4.3	121	22
All Pulses	37.1	67.4	82	
Soybean	49.7	270.9	445	43
Groundnut	17.9	41.6	133 /	26
Humans			80	







The IMPOSSIBLE Dream The 20% Solution in Western Canada

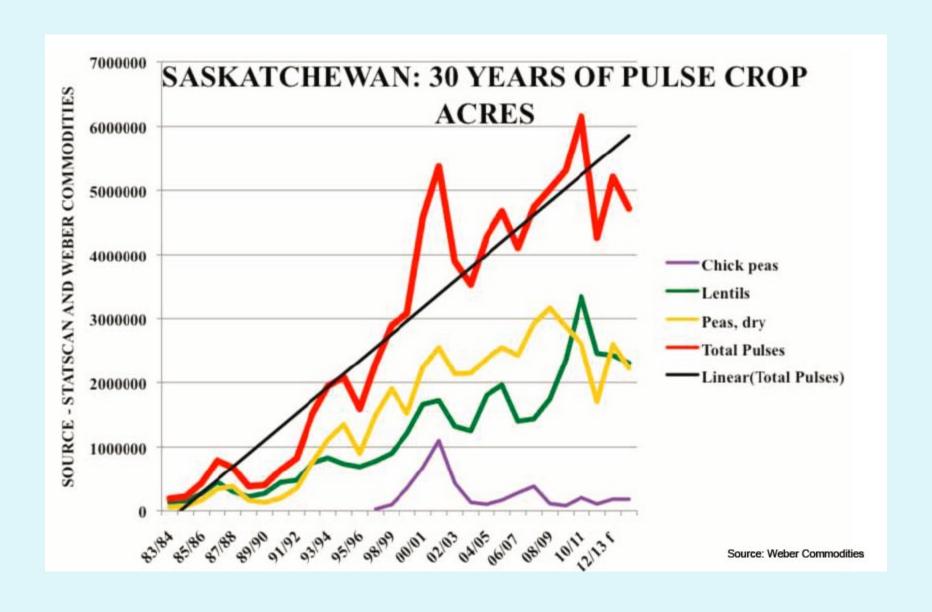
- * 20% of the land base in annual legumes
- Profitable and sustainable crop rotations
- 2 possible pulse crop options on every farm
- 2 market class options on every farm

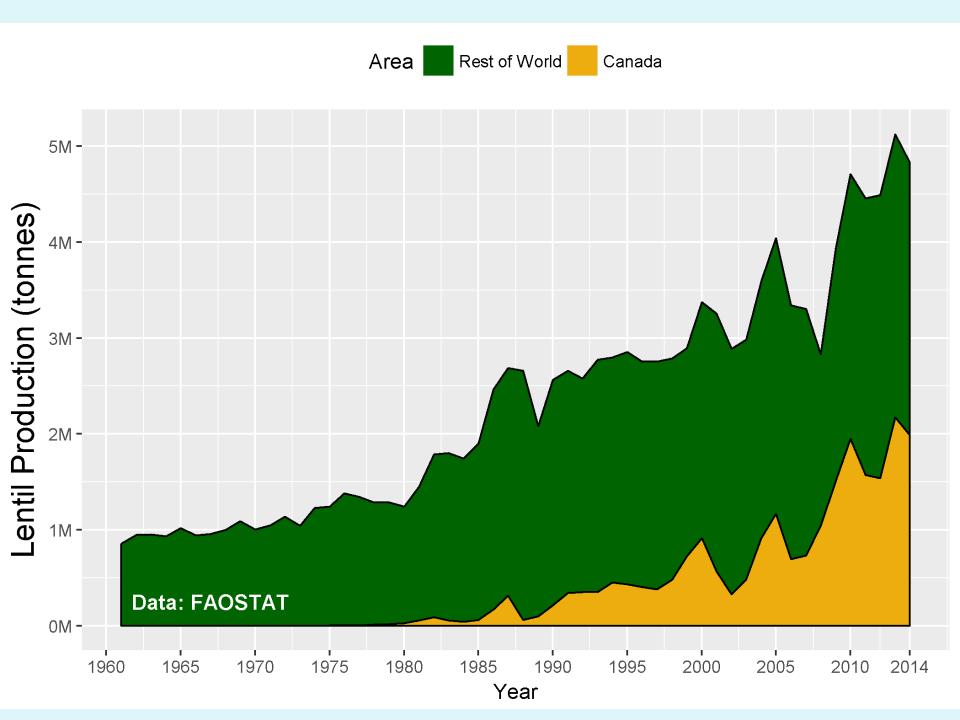
Plant Protein Production

The IMPOSSIBLE Dream The 20% Solution in Western Canada

- 20% of the land base in annual legumes
- Profitable and sustainable crop rotations
- Disease cycles, soil health, nitrogen cost, economic diversity, biological diversity

Plant Protein Production





Canada Lentil Production % of World Production 1974-2016



Lentils – Whole Food Products



Main Drivers of Successful Pulse Crop Development in Saskatchewan (So Far...)

- Participation by producers, exporters, researchers
- Extension of knowledge
- Appropriate germplasm development system
- Research and development funding system
- Good relations with a patient provincial government
- Long term vision of basic farming principles
- Collapse of cereal-based subsidy system
- Focused research priorities with s, m, I term goals
- Over-delivery strategy for research outputs
- Freedom to operate (university system)

Lentil Crop Development – A Short History of Progress

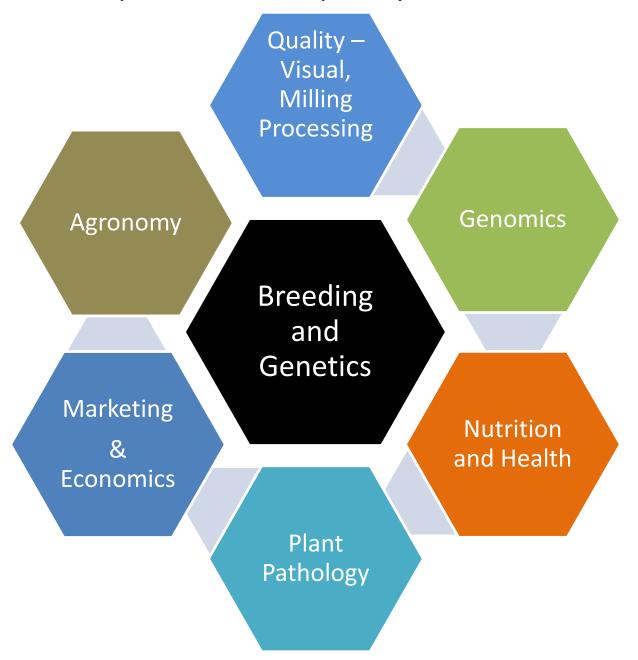
1970s – plant introduction phase

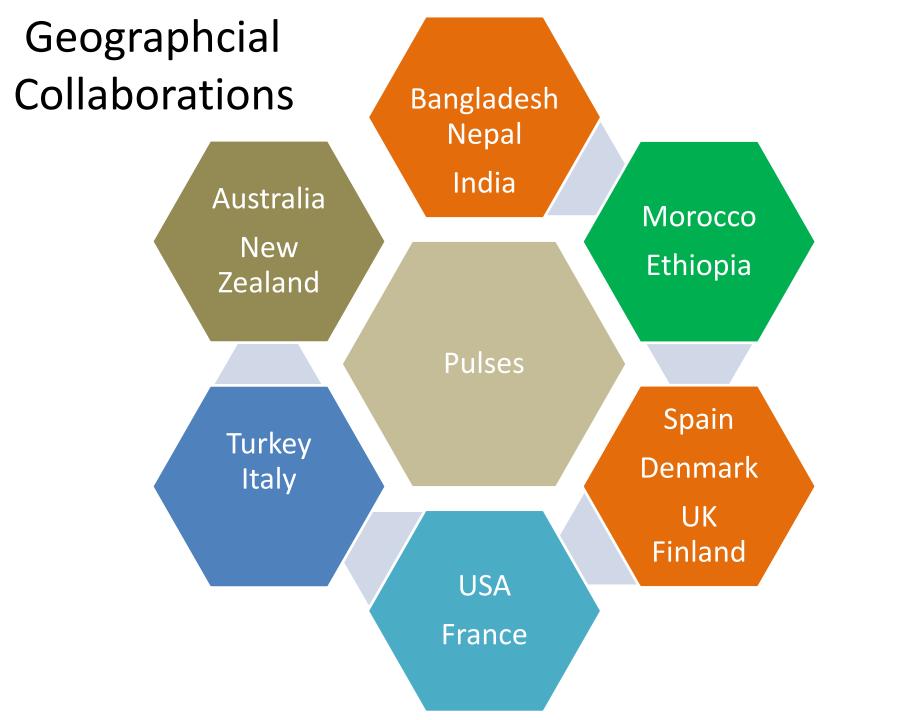
1980s – crop development phase 1990s – crop expansion phase – breeding begins 2000s – breeding scope enhancement & investment

2010s – genomics era integration with breeding

- Introduction, breeding, basic agronomy, weed control, seeding, harvesting, storage
 - Production agronomy zero tillage, airseeding, herbicides, inoculation
 - Investments cleaning, processing, exporting, dehulling
 - Yield, quality, disease resistance, lodging, herbicide tolerance,
 - Market diversification
 - Genetic and genomic resources
 - Market diversification
 - Product diversification

Required Interdisciplinary Collaborations





Systems of Survival Jane Jacobs

Guardian System

Agriculture

Commercial System





Attencion Leguministas!!

Get Ready for Faba Bean Protein!!